

Who Gives a Hoot

CW
I YQN
JYSUTO
SJNEEEKI
RREPRESENT
RZEQJZLJEGPA
YMNGBHAIIXILJV
DJVKAIMYAFYVHURR
IVANPNMJUAVAQMRVYE
GNEENDANGEREDSPECIES
KLQMRJMMOFNSGPQPGZXKYN
OLD - GROWTHFORESTSFLGZBWO
ZLFITHIOGSDDQDTYMOKMQPVSHC
YCRTUFPPWOEWUXEACPLXDQKIVMSE
HFZVSNCDCHORCGHDTHJGZOTRVHEKDN
KUFVLAELIQFOESOCIOLOGYWZFGETMQ
BPVPCVYLBGRFIMYLOLQJQTVHOZTIVY
BMXUORACWJWSCIMONOCERIFDLIWHHM
LDEBQTPAHMRVSSXXMGWXGSHMKMTFXN
GZZGSXIBFNIMMHFSDYKDRXEEDLJRQW

1. The care and protection of natural resources such as forests and water.
2. Having to do with the management of money in a home, business, or government.
3. The study of the way that goods and wealth are produced, distributed, and used.
4. Wild plants or animals with so few individual survivors that the species could become extinct in the area where it naturally lives.
5. Skilled individuals that take care of natural resources.
6. Warm-blooded animals that have a backbone; female mammals have glands to produce milk for their young.
7. Forests that contain trees that are hundreds or sometimes thousands of years old.
8. The science that studies the ways that people think and the reasons for their actions.
9. To be an example of.
10. The study of people living together in groups.
11. Plant life.
12. An uncontrolled wildland fire started naturally or by careless human action.